

ANALYSIS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS AND PRIVATE ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN THE SAMARKAND REGION

Togayeva D.A.

SamSMU Organization of pharmaceutical work department Assistant

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Abstract. This article analyzed and studied the cases of small business and private entrepreneurship in the Samarkand region over the past years, and examined the work to be done on the development of small business in the coming years and made appropriate suggestions and recommendations.

Keywords: small business, entrepreneurship, Services, Export, import, production, wholesale trade, retail trade, capital, income, employment.

Favorable conditions created for the development of small business and private entrepreneurship not only in the Samarkand region, but also in the region of our country serve to further strengthen the role of the industry in economic development, employment and income growth of the population, and increase the share of GDP, exports and sectors, and production indicators of industries.

Thanks to the socio-economic reforms carried out in our republic, the implementation of national programs clearly and carefully developed by the head of our country and our government, favorable conditions, opportunities and appropriate benefits created by our state for entrepreneurs, entrepreneurship is developing rapidly in the region. In the future, changes will also occur in the sectors of the economy. This situation also occurs on the basis of the development of small business and private entrepreneurship.

1-table

The share of small business and private entrepreneurship in the Samarkand region

(in % compared to the total volume)

Years	GRP	Industry	Construction	Employment
2015	79,1	56,0	93,2	84,1
2016	80,1	60,1	94,5	84,5
2017	81,5	56,0	91,3	84,5
2018	79,7	57,2	98,5	83,1
2019	74,0	40,6	96,6	82,9
2020	75,0	47,5	86,8	81,9
2021	73,4	42,5	84,5	80,8
2022	63,8	37,7	82,3	79,7

As can be seen from the data of Table 1 Above, the share of small business and private entrepreneurship in the Samarkand region is listed from 2015 to 2022, while the share of small business and private entrepreneurship in GRP in 2015 was 79.1%, as of today it is 63.8% in 2022. As a result of the creation by the state of a large number of regulatory legal conditions for the development of small business and private entrepreneurship in our country, significant work is also being carried out to increase the employment of the population. In terms of population employment, it accounts for 84.1 percent in 2015 and 79.7 percent as of 2022.

Small business and private entrepreneurship, as a sphere of rapid adaptation of the economy to changes, are becoming important in filling the domestic market with consumer goods, expanding new and modern types of services, developing export potential. As a result of the widespread implementation of decisions made in support of small business and private entrepreneurship, the reduction of verification work, the reduction of financial and time costs for doing business, the introduction of a registration notification system, the number of registered and operating small businesses is rapidly increasing, and positive trends are also taking place in their economic indicators.

The small business and the private business sector make up the bulk. The share of the product of private entrepreneurship (property of citizens) in the total volume of products (work, services) created in small business and private entrepreneurship in 2021 is expressed as follows (Table 2).

2-table

The volume of the main indicators of small business and private entrepreneurship in the economic sectors for 2021 in Uzbekistan and the share of small business and private entrepreneurship in the economic sectors

	The size of the main indicators of small business and private entrepreneurship in the sectors of the economy	Share of small business and private entrepreneurship, in %
Industry (billion. sum)	121719,2	27,0
Construction (billion. sum)	77762,0	72,4
Trade (billion. sum)	204787,4	78,2
Services (billion. sum)	144812,7	51,1
Shipping (mln. tons)	678,9	60,7
Passenger traffic (mln. passenger)	5237,6	82,7
Export (mln. USA. D)	3711,2	22,3
Import (mln. USA.D)	12389,0	48,7

Source: based on the data of the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan (site: www.stat.uz) compiled by the author based on his data.

The total number of small businesses and private businesses registered as of January 1, 2022 was 98886.

This year, 54.9% of the gross regional product was produced by small businesses and private businesses. This figure was 55.5 percent during this period of 2020.

The production of industrial products by small businesses and private businesses increased by 3.7% from the ratio of 2021 to 2020. and 3130.9 billion. sum (55.4% of the industrial production of the region), agricultural production grew by 107.2% and amounted to 4918.9 billion. sum (98.4% of the gross agricultural product).

In the economy of Samarkand region, 61.3% of the total volume of investments in fixed capital was investments made by small businesses and private businesses. 93.5% of construction work fell on the contribution of small businesses and private businesses.

The freight turnover of small businesses and private businesses in automobile transport increased by 109.7%, and regional automobile transport increased by 96.8% of freight turnover, and passenger turnover by 110.8%, making up 82.9% of total passenger turnover.

Retail turnover is 89.6% of the total volume or 5404.1 billion. Sumi (the increase was 116.6 percent) and 58.8 percent of the total volume of paid services to the population, or 1630.1 billion. Sumi (increased by 115.8 percent) corresponds to the contribution of small business entities.

Foreign trade turnover of small businesses and private businesses amounted to 65.5% of the volume of foreign trade turnover of the region. 272.5 million dollars this year. Export of products in the amount of 82.2% of the total volume of exports in US dollars or 403.3 million. Imports of products in the amount of US dollars or 57.6% of total imports were carried out by small businesses and private businesses.

The results of small businesses and private businesses in Samarkand region as an important factor in organizing new jobs, increasing the income and well-being of the population, ensuring the development of the region's economy are becoming significant. In conclusion, we can say that with the development of small businesses and private businesses, we will achieve a direct solution to the task of forming a class of middle owners in our country. Small business and private entrepreneurship become an important area that provides employment for the population and is its main source of income.

Based on the above, the priority tasks that should be carried out in the Samarkand region in 2023 and in the following years in the field of state support and further development of small business and private entrepreneurship in rural areas are as follows:

- To regularly examine and take timely measures to eliminate the problems that may or may hinder the effective activities of small businesses and private businesses in urban and district areas of Samarkand region;
- effective organization of the processes of obtaining accurate information on empty or not effectively used buildings and structures in the region for short periods and their provision to small businesses and private businesses;
- to identify specific features in each area and mobilize all available opportunities based on them in order to create a more favorable environment for small business and private business activities;
- elimination of any bureaucratic obstacles to the organization and implementation of small business and private business activities;
- focusing on the processes of connection of small businesses in the regions to energy, gas, water and sewerage, Heat Supply and other similar engineering and communication networks, as well as applying advanced experience in this regard;

- it is necessary to provide comprehensive support to small businesses and private businesses in the region and make them a solid economic sector that can compete in the domestic and foreign markets, consistently establish the production and provision of quality products and services.

In conclusion, we can say that with the development of small business and private entrepreneurship, we will achieve a direct solution to the task of forming a class of middle owners in our country and in the Samarkand region. Small business and private entrepreneurship become an important area that provides employment for the population and is its main source of income.

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